Amaris Gingiva — A beautiful smile, naturally

Amaris Gingiva is the only restorative that permits chairside gingival shade matching. This new gingiva-shaded, composite-based restoration system facilitates individual shade matching using a combination of a base shade and three mixable opaque shades in white, light and dark. The result is a representation of the gingiva that appears natural. Through this technique, supported by proven Amaris expertise, extensively exposed cervical areas caused by gingival recession and wedge-shaped defects in the cervical area can be controlled in the future, both functionally and aesthetically. Amaris Gingiva extends the high standard of performance of modern composites to beyond the cervical boundary. This new material permits the reconstruction of the ‘red–white’ boundary with a predictable result.

_Suitable for multiple indications_

Amaris Gingiva is also suitable for other indications. Reconstruction with gingiva-shaded composite thus represents an important extension of therapeutic measures following muco-gingival surgery. In addition, the ‘black holes’ induced by the loss of interdental papillae as a consequence of periodontitis or gingival recession can be quickly and easily treated with Amaris Gingiva to provide an aesthetic restoration. Amaris Gingiva can also be used to extend the lifespan of in situ crowns with visible and exposed edges caused by natural gingival shrinkage significantly.

_Outstanding material and handling properties_

In addition to its material properties, Amaris Gingiva has impressive handling properties. It can be moulded extremely well and polished to a high gloss. Also, owing to the new non-drip, non-run NDT syringe from VOCO, applying the material is just as economical as it is hygienic. Amaris Gingiva has outstanding translucency and shade stability, exhibiting a very low shrinkage with a high filler content of 80 w/w% as a modern composite. It provides long-lasting, aesthetic restorations because of its low abrasion values, as well as its high compressive and transverse strength.